# TELEGRAPHIC NEWS

# ALL PARTS OF THE WORLD.

## ENGLAND.

Mr. Disraell's Official Appointments.
LONDON, Feb. 29, Evening.
George Sclater Booth, M. P. for North Hants, will suc-George W. Hunt as Under Secretary of the Treasury.

### IRELAND.

The Feniun Treason Trials-General Nagle's Case and a Mixed Jury-Six Prussians Sworn-They Run Away-G. F. Train in

LONDON, Feb. 29, 1868. In the case of General Nagle, now on trial on a charge of Fenianism, at Sligo, the motion for a delay of triat made by Mr. Heron, the counsel for the defence, was

On the announcement of this decision by the court Mr. Heron moved to transfer the case to the Court of Queen's where. The chief ground for this motion, Mr. Heron said, was the fact that there were not six Americans in

sible to select a mixed jury. pened to be in Sligo, rather unexpectedly appeared before the court and volunteered to become one of the

The offer was declined.

Mr. Heron's motion was argued at length, when the sourt refused to transfer the trial to another place. The case was then proceeded with.

The London Times of this morning has an editorial

article on the trial of General Nagle. The writer strongly urges the abandonment of the prosecution, saying that the point of law involved is, to say the least,

LONDON, Feb. 29-Evening. But little progress has been made thus far in the trial of the Frnian prisoners at Sligo. Most of the time to-day was consumed in an effort to empanel a jury. In order to procure a mixed jury it became necessary to summon six Prussians, but as these soon after ab

sconded the trial was adjourned until Monday. True pills have also been found against Messra. Nugent, Kean, Fitzsimmon, Fitzgibbon, Leonard, O'Con-nor and Leahy, and the prisoners will accordingly be brought to trial without delay.

### PRUSSIA.

The Legislative Session Closed—The King's Speech and Tone of Peace.

Berlin, Feb. 29, 1868.

King William of Prussia formally closed the sessions

of the Diet last evening.

In the usual speech on such occasions the King con-

gratulated the members on the success of their labors. The effect of the Diet to insure the peace of Europe had been promptly and powerfully sustained by the other the spiritual and temporal welfare of the nation,

Death of King Louis the Second.

MUNICH, Feb. 29, 1888.

His Majesty Louis II., King of Bavaria, died yesterday. He was only twenty-three years old.

# ABYSSINIA.

The British Expeditionary Reports Still Fa-Voruble. London, Feb. 29-Evening.

Later news from the English captives in Abvasinis has been received here to-day. They were still safe and well at Magdala. The advance of the English army had arrived at a piace near Antalo. The Tigre people were everywhere friendly. There was no sickness among the troops.

# HAYTI.

French Men-of-War Arrived at Port au HAVARA, Feb. 29, 1868.

Late advices have been received from Hayti. The French Admiral, with three ships of war, had arrived in

Commercial and Marine Intelligence

HAVANA, Feb. 29, 1868. -No. 10 to 12 is quoted at 71/4 a 73/4 reals; No. 15 to 20 at 8% a 10% reals per arrobe. Molasses sugar, 5% a 6% reals. Muscovado sugars—Inferior to com non refining, 6 a 6% reals; fair to good refining, 6% a men renning, 6 a 6 % reals; lair to good renning, 6 % a 7 % reals; grocery grades, 7 % a 9 reals per arroba Molasses—Clayed, 4 % a 6 reals; common or muscovado, 6 % a 6 reals. Honey, 4 reals per gallon, Becswax, \$7 a \$7 60 for brown; \$8 a \$10 50 for white. Freights active and raise firmly sustained.

Petroleum, 3 a 3 % reals per gallon, in bbls., and 3 % reals in tins. Shooks, 7 reals for a box and 7 % reals for a hogshead. Lard, 15 %c. a 15 %c. per lb., in tierces, and 17 %c. a 18c. in tins. Onlons, \$11 per bbl. Tallow, 12 %c. per lb.

and 17%c. a 18c. in tins. Onions, \$11 per out. Tailow, 12%c. par ib.
Arrived, steamers Rapidan from New York, and Liberty from New Orleans. Salled, steamers Rapidan and Tapahannock for New Orleans, Stars and Stripes for Philadelphia and Moro Castle for New York.
Salled yesterday steamsnipe Georgus, for New York; Cencordia, for New Orleans: schooner Eclipse, for Cadar Kaya. Arraved yesterday Thomas Luniber: leaking. The Spanish bark Antonolio, from New Orleans for Barcelona, arrived here yesterday, supposed to be on fire, having been struck by lightning. An investigation will be had to-morrow.

# EUROPEAN MARKETS.

London Money Market.—London, Feb. 29—3 P. M.—
The money market is quiet. United States five-twenty
bonds closed at 71% a 71%. Other American socurities
glosed quiet and steady.

London, Feb. 29—Evening.—Sales were made of
United States five-twenty bonds to-night, after business
hours, at 71% for the lod issue. Consols 93 a 93% for
money and 93 for the account
Frankroar Bourss.—London, Feb. 29—Evening.—
Despatches received from Frankfort this evening state
that United States five-twenty bonds closed in that city
at 74% a 75.

DRSH .-- PARIS, Feb. 29-11:15 A. M. -- The Bourse is dull and restes are heavy.

Liverpool. Corron Marker.—Liverpool. Feb. 29—3.

P. M.—The cotton market closed dull and inactive.

Prices are unchanged. The sales of the day have been only 7,000 bales.

Liverpool. Beraderives Marker.—Liverpool. Feb.

Prices are unchanged. The sales of the day have been only 7,000 bales.

Liverpool. Beradstuffer Market.—Liverpool., Feb. 29—3 P. M.—The market closed quiet and generally unchanged. Corn, however, has declined 3d. since last report, and is now quoted at 41s 3d. per quarter for mixed Western. Wheat, 16s. per cental for white Catifornia and 14s. 3d. for No. 2 Western. Bariey, 5s. 6d. per bushel for American. Oats, 3s. 10d. per 45 lbs. for American. Peas, 46s. per 50d lbs. for Canadian. Flour, 37a. 6d. per bbl. for Western Canal.

Liverpool. Provisions Market—Liverpool., Feb. 29—3 P. M.—The lard market is quieter, though prices are unchanged. Pork is firm at 71s. per bbl for new Beef, 112s, 6d. per bbl. for extra spring mess. Cheese, 52s. per cwt. for best grades of American fine. Bacon, 42s. per cwt. for Cumberland cut middles.

Liverpool. Produce Market—Liverpool., Feb. 29—3 P. M.—Segar, 25s. for No. 12 Dutch standard. Rosin, 7s. 9d. for common and 11s. for medium per cwt. Sprints turpentine, 34s. 6d. per cwt. Tailow, 43s. 6d. per 12 lbs., for American. Refined petroleum quiet at 1s. 3d per galion. Whale oil, £36 per ton. Sperm oil, £110. Linssed oil, £36 to the for thin oblong.

The Personeum Market.—Antwent, Feb. 29—3 P. M.—

oblong.

THE PERSONNEL MARKET.—ANTWERF, Feb. 29—3 P. M.—
The petroleum market is dull at 44 trance per bbt.

The Disputed Election Case in the Second Congressional District—Twelve Irishmen Arrested for Lynching a Negro.
Louisville, Feb. 29. 1869.

The Courier learns that neither Governor Stevenson nor John Young Brown believe that the action of the United States House of Representatives has produced a vacancy from the Second Kentucky Congressional district. Entertaining this opinion, the Governor, if the Courier is correctly informed, will have no writ of election, neither will Mr. Brown resign. The district will therefore be unrepresented until another regular elec-

At Frankfort yesterday twelve Irishmen were brought before Acting United States Commissioner Morgan Vance, on the charge of being concerned in the lynobing of the negro Jim Macklin, who cutraced an Irish grand then threw ner over a cliff, on the 13th of January. Seven white and four negro witnesses were examined, but nothing was elicited criminating the accused. Each was bailed in \$5,000 to appear to day.

## VIRGINIA.

selon in the Convention on the Suffrage Question. RICHMOND, Feb. 29, 1868.

suffrage question. A vote is to be taken on it on

### GEORGIA.

The Convention Requests an Appropriation for an Air Line Railread-Probable Ad-

journment on March 17.
Atlanta, Feb. 29, 1868. The Reconstruction Convention to-day resolved to re quest Congress to make a liberal appropriation for the building of the Air Line Railroad from Atlanta to Charleston, S. C. The resolution was passed unant mously.

A motion to adjourn sine die was lost.

A motion to reconsider the action of yesterday in tabling a resolution cadorsing the course of Congress in reference to impeachment was lost—yeas 60, nays 62.

Mr. Rolcomb moved that "this Convention do now adjourn, to meet again on the third Tutsday in May, and remain in session so long as it may be necessary for the protection of the loyal Georgians and the Congress of the United States."

The Convention will probably adjourn on the 17th of March.

### MISSISSIPPI.

The Convention-Charges Against an Editor. Jackson, Feb. 29, 1868. . A resolution was offered in the Convention last night, which was referred to the proper committee, setting forth the old charges against Merriam, and an additional charge of a slanderous publication in the *Clarion*.

Nothing of importance was done to-day.

### ALABAMA.

Meeting of the Conservative Executive Com mitter-Call for a State Convention-Committee to Proceed to Washington.

MONTGOMERY, Feb. 29, 1868.
The Conservative Executive Committee of the State of Alabama met in this city to-day and adopted the follow

ing resolutions:—

Resolved, That a convention of the white people of Alabama, without distinction of old political parties, opposed to negro dominion and radical misrule in the government, be called to meet at the city of Montgomery on the first Monday of June next, for the purpose of taking measures to sustain and co-operate with the national democrats of the Union in the approaching election for President and Vice President of the United States.

Resolved, That if, in the opinion of the Conservative Executive Committee, events should transpire to render it expedient or necessary that the said State Convention be called at an earlier day, it shall have the power to convoke it.

be called at an earlier day, it shall have the power to convoke it.

Resolved, That five citizens be appointed to repair to Washington and to remain there as long as is necessary to represent the political interest of this people, and to keep our friends at the North advised of the state of affairs in Alabama.

fairs in Alabama. Resolved. That the friends of that cause are earnestly Resolved. That the friends of that cause are earnessly advised to maintain an active political organization in every town and county of the State, with a view to be ready to support a white supremacy and constitutional government under whatever contingency may arise. Peter M. Dox, of Madison; J. J. Giers, of Morgan; Lee Parsons, of Taliadega; H. H. Randall, of Dalias, and John Foreyth, of Mobile, were appointed the committee under the third resolution.

### PENNSYL VANIA.

Democratic Mass Meeting in Philadelphia-Protest Against the Usurpations of Congress- "Aid and Comfort" Promised the President.

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 29, 1868. An immense democratic meeting was held here to-

An immense democratic meeting was held here tonight. Addresses were only made by local celebrities, and resolutions were passed as follows:—

The democratic and conservative citizens of Philadelphia, regarding the government of the United States as the constitutional system founded by our patriot fathers, asges and statesmen, and who are determined, God helping them, to maintain the Union and constitution against all enemies.

Resolve, That, representing a majority of the people of Philadelphia and Pennsylvania, that usurpation and revolutionary action of the representatives of a portion of the States of the Union in the so-called Congress now assembled, is rebellion against the government; that Congress is the constitutional department of the government and all its powers are granted by the constitution, and without this authority all its acts outside of the constitution are rebellious efforts to subvert the government; that we protest against the usurpations of Congress in attempting to destroy the constitutional powers of the Executive department and Jadicial department of the federal government; they being co-ordinate and co-equalwith the Legislature, and alike beyond its control; that the people have subdued one rebellion against the Union and the constitution warded by war, thus deciaring by decision of arms that the Union is and constitution shall be paramount and beyond all efforts to destroy them, and that the action of the so-called Congress is peaceful rebellion to prevent the union of the States and destroy the surpremacy of the constitution; that we will sustain and support the Executive and judicial departments against usurpations of Congress, and give our aid and comfort to the President of the Union and the constitution against legislative treason; that all persons who seek to prevent this may be justily regarded as enemies to the peace and welfare of the community; and all who stimulate to violence, whether they be Governors of States or members of Legislatures, should be denounced as traitors should be denounced as traitors to the constitution and the laws they have sworn to support; that the white race is the governing source of all political power under the constitution; and as people of the United States we will never submit to any policy of Congress which proposes to give the negro race either political power or social equality; that copies of this preamble and resolutions be signed by the officers of this meeting and sent to the presiding officer of the members called the House of Representatives, now assembled in Washington, District of Columbia, and to the President of the United States.

The republican convention of Berks county was held this afternoon. Selections were made for Presidential electors and delegates to the National Convention. The delegates to the National Convention. The delegates to the National Convention were instructed to support General Grant for President. No instructions were given them as to the candidate for Vice President; but a resolution was adopted declaring ex-Governor Cartin to be the first choice of the republicans of Berks county for that position.

Explosion of a Chemical Laboratory—Several Buildings Destroyed—Loss \$100,000—Two Persons Scalded. PHILADRIPMA, Feb. 29, 1868.

The chemical manufactory of Powers & Weightman at the corner of Brown and Palm streets, was destroyed the kind in the United States. The fire, which was occasioned by the explosion of drugs, destroyed the labora-

# Daring Robbery Near Rending.

READING, Feb. 29, 1868. A daring and extensive robbery was committed last night at Kassinger's mill, on the Tulpehacken creek, about three miles from Reading. Charles Long, the about three miles from Reading. Charles Long, the milier, was attacked in his mill about two o'clock in the morning by four men disguised. They shot at him with pistols and robbed him of \$1,500, which he had upon his person; he was then left, ited. It was discovered this morning that his house had been entered during the night by the same party. Two bedrooms were reassaked and \$5,000 in government bonds, \$2,000 in greenbacks and \$2,000 is gold taken therefrom. A reward of \$1,000 has been offered for the apprehension of the robbers, but no arrests have been made up to this time.

The Republican State Central Committee— Proposed Inquiry Into the Affairs of the Central Pacific Railrond Company. Sas Francisco, Feb. 28, 1868.

The Republican State Central Committee, dissatisfied resolved to send delegates to the Republican National Convention, to assemble in Chicago, and sominate Presidential electors for California.

A petition has been presented to the Senate asking

the Legislature to inquire whether the land and moneys the Legislature to inquire whether the land and moneye granted to the Central Facific Railroad Company are absolute gifts and trust funds, to be used only in building the road east of Sacramento; also whether the trustees have not made themselves a close corporation in relation to all stock by distributing the money among themselves, buying the Sacramento Valley, Marywille and Western Pacific Railroad, announcing their intention to control all the railroads of the State, interfering with the politics of San Francisco and Sacramento, and employing lobbylats at Washington. The matter was referred to the special committee to inquire into the report.

report.
The State Senate to day passed resolutions favoring the action of Congress and the impeachment of the President.

President.

Saw Francisco. Feb. 29, 1868.

The steamship Secramento, for Panama, sailed to-day, with \$654,000 in treasure, \$649,000 of which is for New York.

Arrived, ship William Wilcox, from Cardiff. Sailed, ship Sarah, teg Now York.

## NEW YORK.

Destructive Fire in Ogdensburg-Ten Build-ings in the Badiam Block Destroyed.

OGDENSBURG, Feb. 29, 1869.
A fire broke out at half-past eleven o'clock last night Caroline streets, which, together with the dwelling houses occupied by C. H. Colemans, in Caroline street, and Mrs. L. S. Morris, on Ford street, and the barns and outbuildings connected with the residences named, and Osier's, Wm. Stevsonson and H. S. Bacon's were entire-ly consumed. The block in which the fire originated am block. It was occupied by J. B. Wooley, grocer; harness store; D. Fields, Superintendent of the Poor, offica, and Edward Badlam, piano manufactory. The loss is severe on the persons occupying the Badlam block and especially upon Mr. Badlam. It is impossible at this moment to accurately estimate the loss. In all some ten buildings, all of wood, were destroyed.

The five story stone building owned by J. J. Van Zandt, on Aqueduct street, was partially destroyed by fire last night. It was occupied for different manufa turing purposes. A furious snow storm raged at the time, but the firemen did good service and prevented a disastrous conflagration. The following are the losses and insurances:—J. J. Van Zanct, loss on building \$6,000; insured for \$6,000. G. F. Merz, pearl milis, loss \$1,500; insured for barley mills, loss \$1,500; insured for \$1,000. Van Zaudt & Brothers, spice manufactory, loss \$7,000; Insurance \$5,700. J. I. Robinson, sush and blind factory; loss \$1,200; no insurance. Sammers & Turpin, picture frame manufactory; loss \$3,500; no insurance, George Gallagher, moulding and turning shop; loss \$4,000; insurance, \$1,000. The oil mills of M. F. Reynolds, in the rear, was damaged by warer to the extent \$300; covered by insurance. Pollock & Weaver, hardware store, on Buffalo street, the rear on Aqueduct street, was damaged by water to the amount of \$400; covered by insurance. The total loss is \$23,600, and the insurance amounts to \$14,400.

### LOUISIANA.

Adoption of Revised Articles by the Conven

New ORLEANS, Feb. 29, 1868. The Convention to-day adopted the articles of the constitution, as revised by the special committee, to No. 142.

A resolution was introduced, which lies over, authorizing the Frinting Committee to print and issue ten thousand copies of the constitution.

## NEW YORK LEGISLATURE.

## ASSEMBLY.

BILLS REPORTED PAVORABLY. To authorize the Attorney General to institute suits or the abrogation of certain canal contracts; to authorize the Asteria and Hunter's Point Railroad Company to change their route; to incorporate the Forest Port Rai change their route; to incorporate the Forest Port Railroad Company; in relation to the Wallkill Valley Railroad; to incorporate the New York Fiduciary Company;
to incorporate the Home Savings Bank, of New York;
to incorporate the Manhattan Safe Deposit Company;
of New York; to incorporate the Seventeenth Ward Savings Bank, of New York;
BILLS INTRODUCED.

By Mr. CAMERON—For the better protection of emigrants arriving at the port of New York.

By Mr. FLOCK—To amend the charter of the BuffaloStreet Railroad Company.

Breet Railroad Company.

By Mr. Root—To incorporate the New York Cab

By Mr. Root—To incorporate the New York Cab Company.

By Mr. Trainor—Relative to stage routes in New York.

By Mr. Fream—To incorporate the Burglars' Insurance Company of New York.

By Mr. Brroken—To incorporate the Chelsea Savings Bank of New York.

By Mr. D. Burkss—To compet joint stock companies to admit service in civil actions; also to incorporate the East Side Savings Bank.

By Mr. Kierkan—To provide means for the erection of buildings for the college of the city of New York.

By Mr. Skeris—To amend Lockport city charter.

By Mr. HITCHMAN—To incorporate the East Side Association of New York; also to incorporate the Metropolitan Boat Club.

olitan Boat Club.

By Mr. Ranney—To prevent corporations from cor-

rupting legislation.

By Nr. Surrama—To facilitate the construction of the Kingston and Newburg Raitroad.

By Mr. Younglove—For the relief of the soldiers of the war of 1812.

By Mr. Underwood—To improve and enlarge Champian Canal.

By Mr. W. S. Andrews—For a railroad in Nassau and other streets of New York; also for a railroad in Third and other streets of New York.

Mr. W. S. Clark moved that the Committee on the Manufacture of Salt be directed to make examination into the amount manufactured in 1864, 1865, 1866 and 1867; the amount of revenue derived, and report as to the expediency of terminating the existing contracts for the use of said springs.

Mr. Johnson called up the resolution providing for an investigation into the affairs of the Health Officer of the port of New York, and it was adopted.

FRAUDLESY USE OF SURPLUS CANAL WATERS.

Mr. Handther introduced a resolution That, inasmuch as charges had been made that surplus waters of the canals had been fraudulently divorted to the detriment of navigation, the Select Committee be authorized to make examination into the subject, with power to send for persons and papers, which was adopted.

The Assembly adjourned till Monday evening at half-past seven o'ctock. ng legislation.

# OBITUARY.

LOUIS OTHO FREDERICK WILLIAM (Louis IL), of the louse of Wittelsbach, Count Palatine of the Rhine, Duke of Ravaria, Franconia and Sushia, died at Munich yesterday, in the twenty-third year of his age. He was born at Nymphenbourg, Bavaria, August 25, 1845, and succeeded to the throne by the death of his father was the proprietor of the Fifth regiment of infantry Austrian army; of the First Russian Lancers and of th First Prussian Hussara. King Louis was not noted for any particular ability or qualifications in the govern ment of Bavaria. He was a young man of curious social tastes, and managed to goop his little kingdom in a constant state of anxiety by his peculiar capers in a constant state of suxiety by his peculiar capers. His real Prime Minister was Wagner, the composer, although another gentleman was the nominal head of the Cabinet. The young King was one of the handsomest gentlemen of Europe. Passionately fond of music, he left at an early day all governmental responsibility to the Ministry and devoted himself to Wagner and the ballet. As an admirer of Wagner he was great; as a king he was a mere symbol of power. Socially he was a pleasant gentleman, fond of music and the theatirs, and a strong supporter of all the talented Bohemians that found a cheap and delightful residence in the art city of Musich. He will be mourned by the easy-going people of that charming city, because he gave them the cheapest music and beer that monarch ever supplied contented subjects. His only brother, Prince Otho William Louitpold Adalbert Woldemar, born at Munich. April 27, 1844, succeeds to the throne under the title of King Otho. At present King Otho holds rank as captain in the regiment of Guards.

James B. Kirker. Major James B. Kirker, the well known Catholic book publisher of this city, died on Friday last, after a severe illness of one week. The deceased was for many years connected with the Sixty-ninth regiment as captain connected with the Sixty-ninth regiment as captain of the Engineer corps, and took an active part in the organization of the Corcoran Legion, which contributed so much to the suppression of the rebellion. Possessed of great executive abilities he was commissioned quartermaster to the Legion and also to that of the First division of the Seventh army corps, which commission he held until near the close of the war, when he resigned. For honorable service he had been brevetted by the President of the United States to the rank of major.

Major Kirker possessed all those qualities which are calculated to make lasting friendships—simplicity of manner, urbanity, charity and integrity.

His funeral will take place to-morrow morning at half-past nine o'clock, from St. Feress's church, corner of Rutgers and Henry streets.

# SUICIDE IN THE FOURTEENTH WARD.

About half-past five o'clock last evening a young man

# ART NOTES.

Mr. John Jackson, an American scuiptor, who has recently returned from Florence, is exhibiting at Pitnam's gallery, on Broadway, his first ideal work. "Eve and Abel." His busts, among which those of Henry Ward Beecher and the late Dr. Bethune are perhaps the most favorably known, give promise of the exceptional talent which he has manifested in this remarkable praise from such scientific authorities as Professor Holmes, who lately made special reference to it in a Harvard University. Artists and all spectators who are capable of appreciating the poetical associations of the theme selected and most skilfully treated by Mr. Jackson, unite in heartily commending "American Artist Life," the following brief but complete description of it:-"The First Victim," he says, "is represented as a lad clothed only in a rough skin, the folds of which help the composition very much. He rests upon his mother's knee, and she sustains him with her hands, looking the while pitcously in his face.
The heaviness of death is well indicated by the drooping head and the lifelessuess of the hands. Eve is the beautiful mother of man on whose face the consequences care. She rests upon one kase, and her glorious figure is in marked contrast to that of the dead boy. The mother is bending over her son with an expression of love and pity, mingled with wonder at the strange phenomenon of death." The choice of this subject indicates the lofty ambition of the sculptor and his treatment of it is equally artistic and poetical. The admirers of the group do not exaggerate

in promising it to be a masterpiece of art.

The new statues of Dr. Rimmer, "Osiris" and "The on exhibition at the Cooper Institute, evince the same rare anatomical power and truth displayed in the "Head of St. Stephen" and the "Statue of Alexander Hamil ton," by the artist under whose scientific training so many pupils at the Cooper Institute have developed capacity for plastic art and become accomplished in drawing and designing.

Mr. Charles A. Sommer, landscape painter, announce

an exhibition of his pictures on Thursday, March 5, at Leed's Art Gallery, 817 Broadway.

Mr. Shattuck's fine picture, "The White Hills of October," continues to be a chief attraction at Goupil's (Knoedler's), on Broadway. An eminent French artist, who has lately arrived in New York has expressed the greatest admiration for this truly superior illustration of the excellence attained by American painters in the favorite line of laudscape.

pictures which attest the vitality of American art even in these days of business depression and political excitement. Conspicuous among the works at present on exhibition is "Salvator Rosa Among the Brigands," by Mr. Victor Nehlig. This excellent and popular artist has displayed in none of his pro ductions richer fertility of invention, more skillfu laborate variety in details and greater clearness of finish than in this admirable picture. The scenery is as wild as that of which salvator Rosa himself was so fond. The captives who are brought in through the mountain pass. the children who relieve the scene which Salvator Resa is sketching, the throng of bandits in all sorts of natural attitudes, the wealth of "plunder" scattered profusely in the foreground, in a word, the entire spectacl be admired by the most casua; spectator. And the whole picture deserves and rewards the most James M. Hart's "Coming Storm;" "Lights and Shadow," by Inness; "The Wood Pecker," by J. G. Brown; several new pictures by Ehninger, the fruits of his recent visit to Florida: May's "King Lear and Cordelia" and a number of other valuable works by our foremost American

Riding Hood," which revives all the interesting associations of that favorite old nursery legend.

in the Adironduck Region," with all the accessions o Mr. Elliott, the great American pertrait painter, ha

returned to New York, and is engaged upon a portrait of Mr. J. E. Williams, President of the Metropolitae National Bank.

engraved on wood by Mr. Linton, the prince of wood engravers. It is also to be chrome lithographed. Mr. Butman, the Californian artist, the sale of whose pictures we recently chronicled, is about to visit

happy illustration of one of the finest passages in Whittier's poem of "Barbara Frietchie," par excellence the Richmond Examiner, was so much struck by this extraordinary poem that he reproduced it entire as soon as it had "come through the lines," and deciared that truth of poetry, and would long survive all the actors on both sides in that terrible war.

Mr. Constant Mayer has just returned from Boston. bluon of his "Mand Muller."

In a long and interesting account of "The Women Artists of New York and its Vicinity," a contemporary mentions the suggestive fact that "very many of these Cooper Institute. They have been taught not only how to draw and paint, but have also been instructed in many branches of the mechanic arts, such as drawing on wood and stone, so that their knowledge may be something more than an entertainment. These women have devoted themselves to these pursuits not only because it ministers to the love of the true and the beautiful, but that it may serve as a remunerative occupa-tion: and it is to be hoped that they will tion; and it is to be hoped that they will receive the sympathy and encouragement they deserve." The number of women artists in New York is already so large as to justify the formation of a society for the aid of all their sister artists who may be in seed. "To raise a fund for this worthy purpose it is proposed that each member of the association shall contribute a picture ence a year to an exhibition, which shall then be sold for the benefit of the society." .Mrs. Pope is president and Mrs. Gray is treasurer of the society, and there is an advisory committee of gentlemen composed of Messrs. Gray, Greene,

Pope and Whittredge.

A fresh illustration of the popularization of art by means of chromo-lithography is furnished by Foerster & Co.'s publication of a copy of a charming little pic-ture by Professor Sues, of Dusseldorf, "The Chickon's First Thought." Biddy's dist thought seems to be, "I wonder how I could have come out of so very small s shell!" Another illustration is a reproduction, published by H. Wood, Jr., of Mr. W. H. Beard's capital painting, "A Flank Movement," Sir Edwir Landseer himself would have recognized a worthy rival

### BELLEYUE HOSPITAL MEDICAL COLLEGE. The sixth annual commencement of the Beilevue

Medical College was held last evening at the Academy of Music, which was crowded in every park. Consider able interest appeared in the proceedings, which was under the direction of Carl Bergmann. The exercises were opened by Rev. Dr. Alfred B. Beach, who offered up prayer. Subsequently the degree of Doctor of Med !cine was conferred upon the following students who successfully passed the required examination :- C. A. About half-past five o'clock last evening a young man named James J. Burke, residing at No. 181 Elizabeth street, returned home from his business and told his wife that he had received no money, yesterday being pay day at his place of business, the Tax Commissioner? Office, Be then threw his arms around his wife's neck and exclaimed, "Good-by, Ellen," and before she had time to prevent him placed a single barelled pistol to his left side and shot bimself through the beart, and he leid dead almost instantly. The unfortunate man was but twenty-three years of age, and lived in the same house with his father, who is said to be quite well off.

Shootho Apyray.—A man named Michael Remmik got into an alterestion with a woman named Teresa Isaacs in the tenement house 643 West Twenty-sixth street last evening, and attempted to shoot her. The woman's face was burned by the powder, but she was not injured by the bail. Remmik secaped.

Probable Science of the same house will place the street last evening and attempted to shoot her. The got on board of a schooner lying at the foot of West Eighteenth street, about nine o'clock last evening, and was shot at by a boy who was employed on board. The boy says that the man fell; but no trace of his whereabouts could be found on a tharpough seach being made. Logan, Kansas; C. H. Potter, P. B. Pumyes, W. C. Al-

Towics, J. M. Rix, New Hamps aire; J. Marris, H. Fundenberg, Maryiand; E. A. Ange t. W. Cangell, Rhode Island; G. W. Wright, Illinois; J. M. Fuller, B. Beckwith, D. Webster, Nova scotia; J. Gilbhriat, F. C. Stockton. A lengthened address to the graduates was then delivered by Mr. Clarence A. Seward. Mr. Bosworth, M. D., also delivered a valedictory, both of which were very warmly received.

## BOOK NOTICES.

SAN FRANCISCO MUNICIPAL REPORTS FOR THE YEAR 1866-7. PUBLISHED BY ORDER OF THE BOARD OF SUPERVISORS.

The municipal authorities of San Francisco have pub lished a handsome volume of reports and statistics about their city and its government. Of course there is nothing new or particularly interesting in the reports of any city government in the ordinary way to people not living or not having interests in that city; but this book is worthy of notice for its completeness—for giving, in fact, a most perfect exhibit of everything connected room growth, which has sprudg up as if by magic, has a perfect model of governmental machinery. But what strikes us most is its surprising increase in wealth and population. Twenty years ago there were but a few hute where now stands a beautiful city of over a hundred thousand inhabitants. The real and personal estate and worth probably a hundred and fifty millious. What an accumulation of wealth within tweety years! We all know what a vast amount of gold California has yielded every year since its settlement, but its agricultural development has been still more autonishing. Sevenieen years ago nine-tenths of the breadstuffs consumed there were imported; now the State exports many thousands of tons of surplus wheat, flour and other agricultural products. There arrive yearly at san Francisco over four hundred thousand tons of shipping from foreign and Eastern ports, and there are about fifty thousand tons in the coasting and hay trade. Of the foreign trade there are over thirty-two thousand tons from Australia and New Zealand and over fifty thousand tons from China and other countries of Asia, showing what a vast trade is growing up across the Pacific Ocean. There is something really marvelious in the growth of California and of its principal city, San Francisco.

THE CENTURIONS OF THE GOSPEL, &c. By Rev. W. A. Scott, D. D., pastor of the Forty-second street Presbyterian church. New York: Anson D. F. Randolph, 710 Broadway. This is a republication of a book which originally ap-

peared under the title of "The Church in the Army; or, the Four Centurions." It is, therefore, called a second edition. The original title was not good. We cannot say the present one is better. If there is a difference as to the excellence of the title, the difference, we should say, is in favor of the firs rather than the second. The book is, after all, only a series of pulpit discourses, and it would have been Scott had simply called them by their proper name. It is the object of the reverend doctor, in patible with every honorable calling-nay, that in proportion as a man is a good Christian so is he likely to be efficient in whatever position in life he is called upon to fill. This is no new truth, although it is one which men are extremely liable to forget; and the doctor is entitled to praise for endeavoring to the extent of his ability to preserve alive this truth in the memory of mankind. The object of the volume, therefore, is good; but we cannot say much for the ability which the volume reveals. There are other and infinitely better books of the same class which are equally accessible to the public, and, after having read the work with some care, we confess to having failed to discover any satisfactory reason for its special existence. That which is good for the pulpit is not necessarily good for the press. Dr. cott cannot be ignorant of this, and although we are well aware of the temptations which clergymen with large congregations have to appear in print, he must excuse us for saying that his reputation will not greatly gain by "The Conturious of the Gospel." portion as a man is a good Christian so is he likely to be

### MUSICAL REVIEW.

The unjust and tyranulcal monopoly which exists at waning, and there is a prospect of the composers taking natters in their own hands and organizing a company from which they can receive justice. There are many fresh points illustrating the heartlessness and injustice there is no necessity in adding anything to our previous remarks. If the composers organize a music publishing company themselves, like the London Musical Bouquet Association, they can do more to-wards breaking down the tyranny and monopoly of their present masters than all the complaints and talk that may be indulged in. The enterprise is a practicable one, and there is not a musician in the city who

who will not encourage it. We proceed to the publications we have on hand this week.

Disson & Co. publish the following:

"On the Beautiful Blue Danube," walts, Johann

Disson & Co. publish the following:—

"On the Beautiful Blue Danube," waltz, Johann Strausz.

This is one of the latest and most beautiful of this well known waltz composer's works. The themes glide into each other in the most charming manner and are varied in the true Strausz style.

"Famfare Polka," C. B. Lysberg. A quaint, sparking, dashing little work, which must ever be a favorite either in the parior or concert room.

"On, Meet Re Once More," Guston Lyle. An excellent meiody and well adapted to the words.

"Radiant Waitz," Leonis Tonel. A very good waltz, but suspiciously like Strausz.

"Fournament Polka," A. Ascher. Almost note for note with a well known work called "Sans Souci."

Pond & Co. publish a superb song, by Perring, called the "Song of the Brook," in which a characteristic accompaniment is united to a simple, graceful molody.

Lee & Walker, Philadelphia, have a capital sleighing song, called "Over the Snow," which is written and sung by Howard Paul. There is not much musicianly ability shown in it, but a great deal of the true, popular ring in the melody.

# MUSICAL AND DRAMATIC GOSSIP.

The Arions will give their annual masquerade bail at the Academy of Music on Thursday, March 6. The most extensive preparations are being made to eclipse all other balls by this one. There will be no procession.

Oscar Pfeiffer, the distinguished South American plaulet, and Madame Giuditta Altieri Pfeisfer, prima onna, sailed for Europe in the steamship Deut

on Thursday. prilliant style. Masked bails were given at the principal

The Richings English Opera Company closed last night a very successful engagement at the Holiday, Baltimore. Edwin Booth draws well in Cleveland. Diana, the danseuse, is now with the Théâtre Comique Company, Boston.

After a long and very successful run, "Dora"; and "Black Eyed Susan" will be withdrawn from Selwyn's, Boston, to make way for a drams by H. J. Byron, on-Mosdames Parepa-Rosa and Eliza Lumley mag to-

night is one of rare merit. Miss Alida Topp, one of our finest planists, and Miss Jenny Landsman, contraite, are

the principal attractions. The Mikade Japanese are astonishing the Pittsburg

the principal attractions.

The Mikado Japanese are astonishing the Pittaburg folks.

Zoe played at De Bar'a, St. Louis, last week.

In Philadeiphia John Brougham's new play, "Dead Sos Froit," will be produced this week at the Chestnut! J. W. Wallack is at the Walnut and Lotta at the Arch.

Mr. and Mrs. Howard Paul are enjoying an immense popularity in Scotland. They appeared at the City Hail, Glasgow, on February 8 to the largest audience of the season—over three thousand persons.

At Munich Gluck's "Aranide," which had not been heard for thirty-five years, has been introduced with care and écles, under the direction of Franz Lachner.

The Havre journals are filled with eulogies of Mile. Adelina Patit for her performance on February 13 in the theater of that town, of Kosina in the "Barbière." In the music leason she sang a composition enutled "Lee Echos," borrowed from the repertory of Jenny Lind, for whom it was composed by Ecker. The artist afterwards played the mad scene in "Lucis," and produced a great effect. The Marquis de Caur occupied a stail. The gross receipts at the theatre were 10,036 francs, the highest amount ever taken there. After the performance the orchestra and the chorus gave Mile. Patit a grand serenade in front of her hotel.

William Cowell, a gentleman well known in the theatrical and literary profession, died 'n Philadelphia last week.

The Louisville Opera House is pregressing.

The veteran Auber, being requested to add to a pretty morcean, which Mms. Cabes sings, some touches of those sprightly enjoivement which, in theatrical pariance, are called accottes, replied, "You cannot think of such a thing as my age." Notwithstanding the renowned composer's advanced years (eighty-seven), many young musicians might envy his strength of nerve, his meatal power. and especially his unweared activity. In answer to a gentleman the other evening, who congratuated him upon this remarkable vigor, he said, "They never so otten told me I was young a since I have grown old."

Mille All Lasseny has made

# THE NATIONAL GUARDS

The following named officers have been commis sioned by the Commander-in-Chief in the National Guard N. Y. S. M. during the week ending February 22: Fourth Regiment Infantry .- A. W. Maxwell, tieu tenant colonel, with rank from January 19, 1868, vice G. H. Thorpe, resigned.

first lieutenant, with rank from January 6, 1868, vice J. M. McBride, resigned; Samuel C. Barr, first lieutenant, with rank from January 9, 1863, vice Peter J. Bogart, resigned; Charles F. Robbins, second lieutenant, with resigned; Charles F. Robbins, second licutenant, with rank from December 13, 1867, vice Darius Ferry, Jr., resigned; James H. Lonsborry, second licutenant, with rank from January 6, 1868, vice Samuel C. Burdick, promoted; John W. Bensel, second licutenant, with rank from January 9, 1868, vice Samuel C. Barr, promoted.

Fourteenth Regiment Infantry.—Install Uffendilli, adjustent, with rank from February 6, 1868, vice John Vilet, resigned.

Second Infantry.—Duncan Miller, first licutenasts with rank from September 4, 1967, vice Wim. H. Ellis, resigned.

Second Regiment Cavatry.—Ed ward Doyle, commissary, with rank from February 1, 1868, original appointment.

Second Regiment Cavalry. —Edward Doyle, commisary, with rank from February 1, 1868, original appointment.

RESIGNATIONS.

The following resignations of officers in the National Guard, S. N. Y., have been accepted by the Commanderin-Chief during the week ending February 22.

Thirteenth Regiment Infantry. —Captain S Alpheus Smith, Jr., February 18.

Eighty-Afith Regiment Infantry. —Captain Joseph W., Noy, February 18.

ENVEY-NINTE RESIMENT INFANTRY.

Colone: A Fraceworth, commanding this regiment, under date of the 24th of February, has ordered that the several companies of this regiment, which is several companies of this regiment, and ordered that the several companies of this regiment, at the State Arsenal, corner Thirty-Afith street and Seventh avenue, esting of making renewed efforts to increase the strength of their respective commanders is called to the necessity of making renewed efforts to increase the strength of their respective commands. By an amendment to the milital sure the minfimum of a company is now fixed at forty-five men; that of a regiment at eight minimum companies, or three hundred and sixty men. No organization will be classified as a regiment unless it contains at least three hundred and sixty non-commissioned officers and privates. With a less number companies are flable to be sonsolidated, and the regiment reduced to a battalion organization, and, in addition, deprived of the regiment at fund of \$500. The following staff appointments have been made and the efficers duly cuministend, viz:—Samuel I. E. Beck, Surgeon, John Walker, Assistant Surgeon

Adjusting Gair, of this command, has been presented

stened, viz:—Samuel T. E. Bock, Surgeon; John Walker, Assistant Surgeon.
Adjusted Surgeon.
Adjusted Surgeon adjusted Surgeon and Surgeon a

which the Adjutant participated during the war is marked on each star point. Lieutenant Colonel Snaw made the presentation speech.

NINETY-SEVENTE REGIMENT INFANTEY.

Division drils were held on Thursday evening last by Companies A and H, and on Friday evening last by Companies B and K. Lieutenant Colonel Dusenbury, commanding, was the iestructor. One of the companies during the dril seemed one in a while to loss command of its sense of hearing just when the orders were being given. The drills were, with this single exception, very creditable.

FOURTERITH REHMENT INFANTEY.

The right wing of this regiment, consisting of Companies H, I, C, F and K, assembled at the regimental armory for instruction and crill on Wednesday evening, Feb. 26. Line was formed at eight o'clock. The left wing, consisting of Companies B, E, G, A and D, at the same piace and for the same purpose, on Monday evening, Feb. 27.

This regiment will in May next change their present quarters for a more comfortable armory than they now occupy, located in Thirty-Second street, between the Sixth and Seventh avenues. It is a brick building, three stories high and one hundred feet squara. The upper floor is to be used as a battalion drill room, and the two other floors will contain the rooms of teams armorer's room and a company drill room. Preparations for the grand promenade and reception at Pike's Opers House are being made on a grand scale, and judging from present appearances the affair is destined to be one of the most recherché of the season.

Savinyin regiment of order No. 2, issued on the

one of the most recherche of the season.

Seventh anginant infants.

In pursuance of Genoral Order No. 2, issued on the 12th uit, by Col. Emmons Clark, the right wing of this regiment (Companies I, C. E. B and H) assembled in full fatigue, for battalion drill, on Thursday evening, February 27. The loft wing, consisting of Companies F. G. A. D and K, also assembled for the same purpose, in full fatigue, on Friday evening, February 28. C losed Clark was the instructor on both occasions. The drills were extried on during two hours each evening, and were withesaed by quite a number of interested spectators. Both wings went through the various formation movements in very fine style. The firing by battalion was particularly well done. In the marching in column of fours many of the members of the ompanies formation the right wing manifested great carelessness in the carrying of their muskets at right and left shoulder shift, the muskets of the end man of a rank at times completely overlapping that of the second man from him in the sams rank. It may be a very easy thing to drill carelessiy but the sight of the muskets of the one company in a parade simost at right angles leads an unapplisherated observer to believe that a few recruits have got themselves into the racks unbeknown to the commanding officer. The drills, as a whole, were very sattifactory, and denoted that the efforts of Golonel Clark to keep his command up to its old standard of excellence have not been unattended with success.

On the 14th of April next, in the evening, the much talked of grand reception of the Seventh will take chaos in the Academy of Nusic. The regiment will appear for the first time on that evening in their new full dress uniform, and it is expected that the affair will be one of the grandest of its kind that hes taken place in this city for a long time, scarcely excepting the reception this regiment gave shortly after the war to its brothers as arms who had "fought the good fight" well and returned "conquering heroes."

In the annual financial report of this regiment the armory expenses during the year 1867 are stated to have been \$24,594 02, and the assets of the regiment to be \$3,409 05, with no itabilities.

A visitor to the armory of this regiment should ack

\$5,409 0s, with no itabilities

A visitor to the armony of this regiment should act fall to get a peep at the room of the Seventh Company. It is said to be the most gorgeously fitted up military room in the Union. The cost of the fitting up amounted to about \$7,000.

FIFTH REGIMENT INPANTAT.

Companies K and B of this command held a division drill at the armony of the regiment on Toesday avening, the 25th u.t. At the close of the drill Captan Bruer was presented with an engressed set of resolutions voted to him by the board of officers of the regiment in coanderation of the valuable services he had rendered to the regiment as chairman of the Armony Committee during the past year.

CAVALEY BRIGADE.

Ten members of Company K of the First regiment cavairy have been, it is said, placed under arrest for disrespect to one of their superior officers, who had ordered them from the room in which the officers were drilling and was not obeyed.

The following order was yesterday issued in relation to the death of Captain James B, Kirker:—

GENERAL ORDERS NO. I.

HEADQUARTERS INSULLEMON, Feb. 29, 1868. It is with profound sorrow that the late commandant of the Irish Legion announces to the officers and men of the organization the death of Captain and Brevet Major James B, Kirker, so long and favorably known as quartermaster of the brigade. As a mark of respect to the memory of the deceased the usual badge of mourning will be worn for thirty days. The efficers and men of the organization the deceased the usual badge of mourning will be worn for thirty days. The efficers and men will assemble, in citizens' dress, at the Armony of the Natyninth regiment, Essex Market, corner of Grand and Essex streets, at half-past nine o'clock A. M., on the 24 prox., for the puppose of autonding the consequence of the deceased. By order of

J. P. McIVOR,

J. P. McIVOR, Colonel and Brevet Brigadier, late commi

Colonel and Brevet Brigadier, law commanding.
TWANTY-THERD ARCHMENT INFANTRY.
An election to fill the vacancy in the position of second lieutenant in company H of this command was held on Friday evening last at the regimental armory. Lieutenant McMillan presided. Corporal Hamilton Fulton receiving the largest number of votes, was declared duly elected.

The Inspector General of the State, in a recent statistical report, gives the following interesting facts in regard to the strength of the National Guard of this city and Brooklyn:—It is as follows:—Cavalry, First brigade, 1,1642; Second brigade, 3,692; Third brigade, 1,425; Fourth brigade, 2,818; Second division, Fifth brigade, 2,267; Eleventh brigade, 2,101. Total, 17,175. The total strength of the National Guard of the State is 47,486.

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